FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Un-audited)
AS AT AND FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2017

Statement of Financial Position (Un-audited)

As at 30 September 2017

		30 September 2017	30 June 2017
	Note(s)	Taka	Taka
Assets			
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	4	2,368,770,035	2,375,120,997
Intangible assets	5	1,891,586	1,974,694
Investments	. 6	6,125,000	6,125,000
Total non-current assets		2,376,786,621	2,383,220,691
Current assets			
Inventories	7	24,980,660	26,935,843
Accounts receivable	8	46,168,957	39,761,375
Interest receivable	9	12,490,461	12,464,049
Advances, deposits and prepayments	10	247,350,792	198,859,693
Short term investments	11	14,034,900	13,090,125
Cash and cash equivalents	12	1,184,200,092	1,172,035,106
Total current assets		1,529,225,862	1,463,146,191
Total assets		3,906,012,483	3,846,366,882
Equity and Liabilities			
Equity			
Share capital	13	1,186,668,000	1,185,668,000
Retained earnings	14	193,494,345	174,844,703
Share premium		1,050,958,284	1,050,958,284
Revaluation surplus	15	1,228,413,842	1,228,413,842
Total equity		3,659,534,471	3,640,884,829
Liabilities			
Non-current liabilities			
Lease finance	16.01	15	
Deferred tax liabilities	17	52,078,776	49,495,635
Total non-current liabilities		52,078,776	49,495,635
Current liabilities		2000000000	that the action of a control
Accounts payable	18	30,837,419	34,280,963
Short term borrowings	19	55,349,242	17,575,284
Current portion of lease finance	16.01	429,286	583,586
Provision for income tax	20	96,347,389	93,348,411
Unclaimed dividend	21	5,589,396	5,627,026
Provision for WPPF and Welfare Fund	22	5,846,504	4,571,148
Total current liabilities	V.	194,399,236	155,986,418
Total liabilities		246,478,012	205,482,053
Total equity and liabilities		3,906,012,483	3,846,366,882
Net Asset Value Per Share	31	30.84	30.68

These financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 08 November 2017 and were signed on its behalf by :

Company Secretary

Director

Director

Chairman

As per our annexed report of same date.

Chittagong,

Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income (Un-audited) For the period ended 30 September 2017

26	Note(s)	01 July 2017 to 30 September 2017 Taka	01 July 2016 to 30 September 2016 Taka
Revenue	23	63,588,570	89,589,765
Cost of sales	24	(43,728,699)	(29,914,889)
Gross profit		19,859,871	59,674,876
Administrative expenses	25	(15,042,280)	(10,069,326)
Selling and distribution expenses	26	(257,458)	(95,952)
		4,560,133	49,509,598
Finance costs	27	(1,744,820)	(5,441,532)
Finance income	28	21,613,436	25,326,106
Non-operating income/(loss)	29	1,078,368	13,655,067
Profit before tax and WPPF and Welfare Fund		25,507,117	83,049,239
Contribution to WPPF and Welfare Fund	22	(1,275,356)	(4,161,024)
Profit before tax		24,231,761	78,888,215
Income tax expenses:			
Current tax	20	(2,998,978)	(19,764,863)
Deferred tax	17	(2,583,141)	
		(5,582,119)	(19,764,863)
Net profit after tax for the year		18,649,642	59,123,352
Other comprehensive income			
Items that will never be reclassified to profit or loss			.
Items that are or may be reclassified to profit or loss		<u> </u>	
Total comprehensive income		18,649,642	59,123,352
Earnings Per Share (Basic)	30	0.16	0.50

These financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on & November 2017 and were signed on its behalf by :

Company Secretary

Director

Director

Chairman

As per our annexed report of same date.

THE PENINSULA CHITTAGONG LIMITED Statement of Changes in Equity (Un-audited) For the period ended 30 September 2017

					Amount in Taka
5.000	Share Capital	Share Premium	Revaluation Surplus	Retained Earnings	Total
Balance as on 01 July 2016	1,186,668,000	1,050,958,284	1,228,413,842	231,185,866	3,697,225,992
Net Profit for the year ended 30 September 2016		•		59,123,352	59,123,352
Balance as at 30 June 2017	1,186,668,000	1,050,958,284	1,228,413,842	290,309,218	3,756,349,344
Balance as on 01 July 2017	1,186,668,000	1,050,958,284	1,228,413,842	290,309,218	3,756,349,344
Net Profit for the year ended 30 September 2017	*1	8	15	18,649,642	18,649,642
Balance as at 30 September 2017	1,186,668,000	1,050,958,284	1,228,413,842	308,958,860	3,774,998,986

These financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 08 November 2017 and were signed on its behalf by :

Company Secretary

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Director

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Statement of Cash Flows (Un-audited) For the period ended 30 September 2017

	\$P\$	01 July 2017 to 30 September 2017	01 July 2016 to 30 September 2016
	28	Taka	Taka
a.	Cash flows from operating activities		
	Receipts from customers against revenue	57,180,988	72,112,228
	Receipts from other sources	21,596,473	39,665,999
	Cash paid to suppliers	(38,565,563)	(35,146,914)
	Cash paid for administrative, selling and distribution expenses	(57,922,364)	(44,793,704)
	Payment of interest-Net	(1,720,296)	(5,087,282)
	Income Tax paid	(4,230,480)	*
	Net cash (used in)/generated by operating activities	(23,661,242)	26,750,327
b.	Cash flows from investing activities		
	Acquisition of property, plant and equipment	(1,835,496)	(5,538,839)
	Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment		805,000
	(Increase)/decrease in investments		
	Dividend received (net of tax)	79,696	8
	Net cash (used in)/generated by investing activities	(1,755,800)	(4,733,839)
c.	Cash flows from financing activities		
	Receipts /(repayments) of short term borrowings	37,773,958	(25,987,996)
	Receipts /(repayments) of lease finance	(154,300)	1304500162016
	Dividend paid	(37,630)	(27,625)
	Net cash provided by /(used in) financing activities	37,582,028	(26,015,621)
d.	Net increase in cash and cash equivalents (a+b+c)	12,164,986	(3,999,133)
e.	Opening cash and cash equivalents	1,172,035,106	24,790,776
	Closing cash and cash equivalents (d+e)	1,184,200,092	20,791,643
	Net operating cash flows per share	(0.20)	0.23
	met operating cash nows per share	(0.20)	0.23

These financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 08 November 2017 and were signed on its behalf by :

Company Secretary

Director

Director

Chairman

Notes to the Financial Statements
As at and for the Period ended at 30 September 2017

1.00 THE REPORTING ENTITY

1.01 Legal form of Enterprise

The company was formed on 25 July 2002 under The Companies Act 1994 vide registration no. C-46488 in the name of Voyager Bangladesh Limited. Later, it was renamed as The Peninsula Chittagong Limited on 7 June 2010 vide special resolution of the shareholders in the Extra Ordinary General Meeting (EGM). The company converted from Private Limited Company to Public Limited Company on 30 November 2010 vide special resolution of the shareholders in the Extra Ordinary General Meeting (EGM) and obtained approval of Registrar of Joint Stock Companies & Firms accordingly. The company offloaded 55,000,000 shares after getting approval from Bangladesh Securities and Exchange Commission (BSEC) on 19 February 2014 through initial public offering. The company's shares were enlisted in both Dhaka and Chittagong Stock Exchanges on 04 June 2014 & 22 May 2014 respectively in accordance with letter ref. DSE/Listing/ULC/2014/5035 & CSE/Listing/TPCL-2014.

1.02 Registered Office of the Company

The registered office of the company is located at Bulbul Center, 486/B, O.R. Nizam Road, CDA Avenue, Chittagong 4100, Bangladesh.

1.03 Nature of the Business

The principal activities of the company includes carrying of business of modern hotel, restaurants, etc. In this context the company has established a hotel named "The Peninsula Chittagong Limited" which offers a range of hotel facilities including fitness centre, a luxurious oasis within the hotel with gymnasium, swimming pool, sauna, steam bath and massage treatments etc. The company started commercial operation on \mathcal{D} February 2006.

2.00 BASIS OF PREPARATION

2.01 Statement of Compliance

These Financial Statements have been prepared on going concern basis following accrual basis of accounting except for Statement of Cash Flows in accordance with the International Accounting Standards (IASs) and International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) as adopted in Bangladesh by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Bangladesh (ICAB) as Bangladesh Accounting Standards (BASs) and Bangladesh Financial Reporting Standards (BFRSs).

2.02 Basis of Reporting

The financial statements are prepared and presented for external users by the company in accordance with identified financial reporting framework. Presentation has been made in compliance with the requirements of BAS 1—"Presentation of Financial Statements". The financial statements comprise of:

- a) A statement of financial position as at 30 September 2017.
- A statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income for the year ended 30 September 2017.
- A statement of changes in equity for the year ended 30 September 2017.
- d) A statement of cash flows for the year ended 30 September 2017.
- e) Notes, comprising a summary of significant accounting policies and explanatory information.

2.03 Other Regulatory Compliances

The company is also required to comply with the following major laws and regulations along with the Companies Act 1994:

- i) The Income Tax Ordinance, 1984
- ii) The Income Tax Rules, 1984
- iii) The Value Added Tax Act, 1991
- iv) The Value Added Tax Rules, 1991
- v) The Securities and Exchange Rules, 1987
- vi) The Securities and Exchange Ordinance, 1969
- vii) The Customs Act, 1969
- viii) Bangladesh Labour Law, 2006

2.04 Authorization for Issue

These financial statements have been authorized for issue by the Board of Directors on @ November 2017.

2.05 Basis of Measurement

These financial statements have been prepared on going concern basis under the historical cost convention except for land and land development of property, plant and equipment and investment in quoted shares which are measured at fair value.

2.06 Functional and Presentation Currency

These financial statements are presented in Bangladesh Taka (BDT) which is the company's functional currency. All the financial information presented in Bangladesh Taka has been rounded off to the nearest Taka except when otherwise indicated,

2.07 Statement of Cash Flows

Statement of cash flows has been prepared in accordance with BAS 7: Statement of Cash Flows and the cash flow from operating activities have been presented under direct method.

2.08 Going Concern

The Company has adequate resources to continue its operation for foreseeable future and hence, the financial statements have been prepared on going concern basis. As per management's assessment there are no material uncertainties related to events or conditions which may cast significant doubt upon the company's ability to continue as a going concern.

2.09 Applicable Accounting Standards

The following BASs and BFRSs are applicable for preparation and reporting of the Financial Statements for the year under review:

- BAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements
- BAS 2 Inventories
- BAS 7 Statement of Cash Flows
- BAS 8 Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors
- BAS 10 Events after the Reporting Period
- BAS 12 Income Taxes
- BAS 16 Property, Plant and Equipment
- BAS 17 Leases
- BAS 18 Revenue
- BAS 19 Employee Benefits
- BAS 21 The Effects of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates
- BAS 23 Borrowing Costs
- BAS 24 Related Party Disclosures
- BAS 33 Earnings Per Share
- BAS 37 Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets
- BAS 38 Intangible Assets
- BAS 39 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement
- BFRS 7 Financial Instruments: Disclosures
- BFRS 13 Fair Value Measurement

2.10 Standards Adopted but not Yet Effective

The Institute of Chartered Accountants of Bangladesh (ICAB) has adopted following new standards and amendments to standards -

- (a) BFRS 9 Financial Instruments
- (b) BFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers

The above standards are effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 01 January 2018, with early adoption permitted. The Company is assessing the potential impact on its financial statements resulting from the application of BFRS 9 and BFRS 15.

2.11 Use of Estimates and Judgments

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with BFRSs requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Estimates and assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are based on past experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the result of which form the basis of making judgments about the carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the year in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that year, or in the year of revision and future years if the revision affects both current and future years.

In particular, information about significant areas of estimation, uncertainty and critical judgments in applying accounting policies that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements is included in the following notes:

Note: 4 Property, plant and equipment

Note: 5 Intangible assets

Note: 7 Inventories

Note: 8 Accounts receivable

Note: 17 Deferred tax liabilities

Note: 20 Provision for income tax

2.12 Change in Accounting Estimates

For the year ended on 30 September 2017, intangible assets has been amortised using the straight line method so as to write off the assets over their expected useful life. Amortisation on additions of assets during the period is charged from the month (date of service) of addition of the respective asset.

2.13 Comparative Information

Comparative information has been disclosed in respect of the year ended on 30 September 2017 in accordance with BAS - 1 "Presentation of Financial Statements", for all numeric information in the financial statements. Comparative figures have been rearranged wherever considered necessary to ensure better comparability with the current year without causing any impact on the profit and value of assets and liabilities as reported in the financial statements.

2.14 Reporting Period

The financial statements of the company covered the reporting period of one year commencing from 01 July 2017 to 30 September 2017 which is followed consistently.

3.00 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The specific accounting policies selected and applied by the company's directors for significant transactions and events that have material effect within the framework of BAS-1 "Presentation of Financial Statements", in preparation and presentation of financial statements have been consistently applied throughout the year and were also consistent with those used in earlier years.

For a proper understanding of the financial statements, these accounting policies are set out below in one place as prescribed by the BAS-1 "Presentation of Financial Statements". The recommendations of BAS-1 relating to the format of financial statements were also taken into full consideration for fair presentation.

3.01 Consistency

Unless otherwise stated, the accounting policies and methods of computation used in preparation of Financial Statements for the year ended on 30 September 2017 are consistent with those policies and methods adopted in preparing the Financial Statements for the year ended on 30 June 2017 & period ended 30 September 2016.

3.02 Property, Plant and Equipment (PPE)

Items of property, plant and equipment are stated at cost and re-valued amount less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any.

3.02.01 Recognition and Measurement

The cost of an item of property, plant and equipment comprises its purchase price, import duty and non-refundable taxes (after deducting trade discount and rebates) and any cost directly attributable to the acquisition of the assets. The cost of self constructed/installed assets includes the cost of materials, direct labour and any other costs directly attributable to bringing the assets to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the intended manner and the cost of dismantling and removing the items and restoring the site on which they are located.

When parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, they are accounted for as separate items (major components) of property, plant and equipment.

The gain or loss on disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined by comparing the proceeds from disposal with the carrying amount of the property, plant and equipment and is recognised under other income/expenses in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

3.02.02 Subsequent Costs

The cost of replacing or upgrading part of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognised in the carrying amount of the item if it is probable that the future economic benefits embodied within the part will flow to the company and its cost can be measured reliably. The costs of the day-to-day servicing of property, plant and equipment are recognised in profit or loss.

3.02.03 Depreciation

Land is held on a freehold basis and is not depreciated considering the unlimited useful life. In respect of all other property, plant and equipment, depreciation is recognised in statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income on diminishing balance method over the estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment. Significant parts of individual assets are assessed and if a component has a useful life that is different from the remainder of that asset, that component is depreciated separately.

Depreciation is charged on addition from the month (date of service) of acquisition/addition upto the month of disposal. The depreciation method used reflects the pattern in which the asset's economic benefits are consumed by the entity. The principal annual rates/useful lives are as follows.

CATEGORY OF ASSETS	RATE OF DEPRECIATION (%)
Hotel Building	2%
Plant and Machineries	5%
Equipment and Appliance	5% - 10%
 Office Equipment 	10%
 Electrical Equipment 	10%
 Air Conditioner 	5%
 Kitchen Equipment 	5%
 House Keeping Equipment 	10%
 Bar Equipment 	10%
 Security Equipment 	10%
Linen	10%
• SPA	5%
 Wooden Floor 	5%
 Tumbler Drier 	10%
Motor Vehicles	10%
Furniture & Fixtures	5%
Office Decoration	5%

Depreciation methods, useful lives and residual values are reassessed at the reporting date and adjusted if

Upon retirement of assets, the cost and related accumulated depreciation are eliminated from the accounts and resulting gain or loss is charged or credited to statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

3.02.04 Revaluation of Property, Plant and Equipment

Since inception, the company revalued its fixed assets for the 1st time in the year 2010-2011 by Syful Shamsul Alam & Co., Chartered Accountants. Reserve was created by the sum of revaluation surplus as per the provision of BAS-6.

The board of directors agreed to discard the revaluation surplus of all assets except Land & Land Development in a board meeting held on 05 August 2012 and instructed the management to consider the proper accounting policies for

3.03 Intangible Asset

3.03.01 Recognition and Measurement

Intangible assets that are acquired by the company and have finite useful lives are measured at cost less accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment loss, if any. Intangible assets are recognised when all the conditions for recognition as per BAS 38: "Intangible Assets" are met. The cost of an intangible asset comprises its purchase price and any directly attributable cost of preparing the asset for its intended use.

3.03.02 Subsequent Costs

Subsequent expenditure is capitalised only when it increases the future economic benefits embodied in the specific asset to which it relates. All other expenditures are recognised in profit or loss as incurred.

3.03.03 Amortisation

The intangible assets of the company are ERP (Tally) and Hotel Management software which are amortised every month following straight line method for 10 (ten) years. The amortisation cost is charged in profit or loss.

Amortisation methods, useful lives and residual values are reassessed at the reporting date and adjusted if

3.04 Capital Work-in-Progress

Property, Plant and Equipment under construction/acquisition is accounted for as capital work-in-progress until construction/acquisition is completed and measured at cost.

3.05 Leases

At inception of an arrangement, the company determines whether the arrangement is or contains a lease. At inception or on reassessment of an arrangement that contains a lease, the entity separates payments and other consideration required by the arrangement into those for the lease and those for other elements on the basis of their relative fair values.

3.05.01 Finance Lease

Leases in terms of which the company assumes substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are classified as finance leases. Upon initial recognition the leased asset is measured at an amount equal to the lower of its fair value and the present value of the minimum lease payments. Subsequent to initial recognition, the asset is accounted for in accordance with the accounting policy applicable to that asset. Minimum lease payments made under finance lease are apportioned between the finance expense and the reduction of outstanding liability. The finance expense is allocated to each year during the lease term so as to produce a constant rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability.

3.05.02 Operating Lease

Leases that are not finance lease are considered as operating leases and the leased assets are not recognised in the Company's Statement of Financial Position. Payments made under operating leases are recognised in profit or loss on a straight line basis over the term of the lease.

3.06 Inventories

Nature of inventories

Inventories comprise of food & beverage, house keeping materials, printing & stationary, hard drinks, stores & spares etc.

Valuation of the inventories

Inventories are measured at lower of cost and net realizable value. The cost of inventories include expenditure incurred in acquiring these inventories, and other costs incurred in bringing them to their existing location and condition in accordance with BAS 2 "Inventories".

Category	Valuation
Food	Weighted average cost
Beverage	Weighted average cost
House Keeping Materials	Weighted average cost
Printing & Stationary	Weighted average cost
Store & Spares	Weighted average cost

Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs of completion and selling expenses.

3.07 Financial Instruments

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity.

3.07.01 Financial Assets

The Company initially recognises, loans receivables and deposits on the date that they are originated. All other financial assets are recognised initially on the date at which the company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

The Company derecognises a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expires, or it transfers the rights to receive the contractual cash flows on the financial asset in a transaction in which substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial assets are transferred.

Financial assets are classified into the following categories: financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, held to maturity, loans and receivables and available-for-sale financial assets.

At fair value through profit or loss

A financial asset is classified as at fair value through profit or loss if it is classified as held for trading or is designated as such on initial recognition. Financial assets are designated as at fair value through profit or loss if the company manages such investment and makes purchase or sale decisions based on their fair value in accordance with the company's documented risk management or investment strategy. Attributable transactions costs are recognised in profit and loss as incurred. Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value and changes therein which take into account and dividend income are recognised in profit or loss. Investment in equity securities and debt securities are classified under at fair value through profit or loss.

Held to maturity

These assets are initially recognised at fair value plus any directly attributable transaction cost. Subsequent to initial recognition, they are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method.

Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. Such assets are recognised initially at fair value plus any directly attributable transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, loans and receivables are measured at amortized cost.

Loans and receivables comprise cash and cash equivalents, loans and accounts and other receivables and deposits.

(a) Account receivable

Account receivable are initially recognised at cost which is the fair value of the consideration given in return. After initial recognition, these are carried at cost less impairment losses, if any, due to un-collectability of any amount so recognised.

There is no fixed company policy regarding provision for impairment loss on receivables, if any receivables are not realized within the credit period. It has been dealt with on case to case basis.

(b) Advances, deposits and prepayments

Advances are initially measured at cost. After initial recognition, advances are carried at cost less deductions, adjustments or charges to other account heads such as Property, Plant and Equipment, Inventory or Expenses.

Deposits are measured at payment value.

Prepayments are initially measured at cost. After initial recognition, prepayments are carried at cost less charges to profit or loss.

(c) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash in hand and demand deposits, together with short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash, and that are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

Available-for-sale

Available-for-sale financial assets are non-derivative financial assets that are designated as available for sale and are not classified in any other categories of financial assets. Generally available-for-sale financial assets are recognised initially at fair value plus any directly attributable transaction costs and subsequent to initial recognition at fair value and changes therein other than impairment losses are recognised in other comprehensive income and presented in the fair value reserve in equity. Financial assets which are not traded in the market have been valued at cost unless any indication of impairment in value of such financial assets exist. Cumulative gain/losses recognised in the other comprehensive income are reclassified from equity to profit or loss upon derecognition or reclassification.

3.07.02 Financial Liabilities

The company initially recognises all financial liabilities on the trade date which is the date the company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

The company derecognises a financial liability when its contractual obligations are discharged, cancelled or expired.

The company classifies non-derivative financial liabilities into the other financial liabilities category. Such financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value less directly attributable transaction cost. Subsequent to initial recognition, these financial liabilities are measured at amortized cost.

Other financial liabilities comprise loans and borrowings, bank overdrafts and accounts payable.

(a) Accounts payable

The company recognises a financial liability when its contractual obligations arising from past events are certain and the settlement of which is expected to result in an outflow from the company of resources embodying economic benefits.

3.08 Impairment

3.08.01 Financial Assets

Financial assets are impaired if objective evidence indicates that a loss event has occurred after initial recognition of the assets and that the loss event had a negative effect on the estimated future cash flows of that assets that can be estimated reliably.

Financial assets not classified as at fair value through profit or loss, including an interest in an equity accounted investee, are assessed at each reporting date to determine whether there is objective evidence of impairment.

Objective evidence that financial assets are impaired includes:

- default or delinquency by a debtor
- restructuring of an amount due to the company on terms that the company would not consider otherwise
- indications that a debtor or issuer will enter bankruptcy
- adverse changes in the payment status of borrowers or issuers
- the disappearance of an active market for a security, or
- observable data indicating that there is a measurable decrease in expected cash flows from a group of financial for an investment in an equity security, objective evidence of impairment includes a significant or prolonged decline in its fair value below its cost.

3.08.02 Financial Assets Measured at Amortized Cost

The company considers evidence of impairment for these assets at both an individual asset and a collective level. All individually significant assets are individually assessed for impairment. Collective assessment is carried out by grouping together assets with similar risks characteristics.

In assessing collective impairment, the company uses historical information on the timing of recoveries and the amount of loss incurred, and makes any adjustment if current economic and credit conditions are such that the actual losses are likely to be greater or lesser than suggested by historical trends.

An impairment loss is calculated as the difference between an asset's carrying amount and the present value of the estimated future cash flows discounted at the asset's original effective interest rate. Losses are recognised in profit or loss and reflected in an allowance account. When the company considers that there is no realistic prospects of recovery of the asset, the relevant amounts are written off. If the amount of impairment loss subsequently decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, then the previously recognised impairment loss is reversed through profit or loss.

3.08.03 Available for Sale Financial Assets

Impairment losses on available for sale financial assets are recognised by reclassifying the losses accumulated in the fair value reserve to profit or loss. The amount reclassified is the difference between the acquisition cost (net of any principal repayment and amortization) and the current fair value, less any impairment loss previously recognised in profit or loss. If the fair value of an impaired available for sale debt security subsequently increases and the increase can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment loss was recognised, then the impairment loss is reversed through profit or loss; otherwise, it is reversed through other comprehensive income.

3.08.04 Non Financial Assets

The carrying amounts of the company's property, plant and equipment are reviewed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists then the property, plant and equipment's recoverable amount is estimated. An impairment loss is recognised if the carrying amount of an asset or its cash-generating unit exceeds its recoverable amount. Impairment losses, if any, are recognised in the statement of profit or loss, other comprehensive income and equity as applicable.

3.09 Transactions with Related Parties

The objective of BAS 24 "Related Party Disclosure" is to ensure that an entity's financial statements contain the disclosures necessary to draw attention to the possibility that its financial position and profit or loss may have been affected by the existence of related parties and by transactions and outstanding balances with such parties.

Parties are considered to be related if one party has the ability to control the other party or to exercise significant influence or joint control over the other party in making financial and operating decisions.

A party is related to an entity if: [BAS 24.9] directly, or indirectly through one or more intermediaries, controls, is controlled by, or is under common control with, the entity has an interest in the entity that gives it significant influence over the entity, has joint control over the entity, the party is a member of the key management personnel of the entity or its parent, the party is a close member of the family of any individual, the party is an entity that is controlled, jointly controlled or significantly influenced by or for which significant voting power in such entity resides with, directly or indirectly, any individual and the party is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of the entity.

3.10 Share Capital

Paid-up-capital represents total amount contributed by the shareholders and bonus shares issued by the company to the ordinary shareholders. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of ordinary shares are recognised as expenses as and when incurred. Holders of ordinary shares are entitled to receive dividends as declared from time to time and are entitled to vote at shareholders' meetings. In the event of a winding up of the company, ordinary shareholders rank after all other shareholders. Creditors are fully entitled to any proceeds of liquidation before all shareholders.

3.11 Employee Benefit Schemes

The company maintains both defined contribution plan and defined benefit plan for its eligible permanent employees.

3.11.01 Defined Contribution Plan

A defined contribution plan is a post-employment benefit plan under which the company pays fixed contributions into a separate fund and will have no legal or constructive obligation to pay further amount. The company maintains the Provident Fund for all permanent employees at which both the company and employees contribute @ 7% of basic salary. The Employees' Provident Fund is considered as defined contribution plan as it meets the recognition criteria specified for this purpose in BAS-19.

Obligation for contribution to defined contribution plan is recognised as provident fund (PF) contribution expenses in profit or loss in the year during which services are rendered by employees. Advance against PF is recognised as an asset to the extent that a cash refund or a reduction in future payments is available.

3.11.02 Definded Benefit Plan

Workers' Profit Participation and Welfare Funds

The company also recognises a provision for Workers' Profit Participation and Welfare Funds @ 5% of net profit before tax in accordance with the provision of Section 234 (Kha), Chapter 15 of Bangladesh Labour Law 2006.

3.12 Income Tax Expenses

income tax expenses comprise current and deferred tax. Current tax and deferred tax are recognised in profit and loss except to the extent that it relates to items recognised directly in equity or in other comprehensive income.

3.12.01 Current Tax

Current tax is the expected tax payable or receivable on the taxable income or loss for the year, using rates enacted or substantially enacted at the reporting date and any adjustment to tax payable in respect of previous years.

3.12.02 Deferred Tax

Deferred tax is recognised in compliance with BAS 12: Income taxes, providing for temporary differences between the carrying amount of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and amount used for taxation purposes. Deferred tax is measured at the tax rates that are expected to be applied to the temporary differences when they reverse, based on the laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset if there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax liabilities and assets, and they relate to income taxes levied by the authority on the same taxable entity.

A deferred tax asset is recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the deductible temporary differences can be utilised. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realised.

Deferred tax on revaluation surplus of land and land development has not been recognised in the financial statements on the ground that income tax payable at source on capital gain during registration of sale of land are generally borne by the buyer. Hence, possibility of having any income tax implications on land is very remote.

3.13 Provisions and Contingencies

A provision is recognised in the Statement of Financial Position when the company has a legal or contractual obligation as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. Contingencies arising from claims, litigations, assessments, fine, penalties etc. are recorded when it is probable that a liability has been incurred and the amount can be reasonably estimated. Contingent assets are not recognised.

3.14 Revenue

Revenue arises from the provision of services where these activities give rise to economic benefits received and receivable by the company. Revenue is recognised when the services delivered/provided net of discounts and applicable duties and taxes, if any.

3.15 Other Operating Income

Other operating income includes gain / (loss) on sale of non-current assets and miscellaneous receipts. Other operating income is recognised as revenue income as and when realised.

3.16 Finance Income and Expenses

3.16.01 Finance Income

Interest income on Fixed Deposit Receipts (FDR) and Short Term Deposits (STD) account has recognised when received or accrued on a time basis by reference to the principal outstanding at the effective interest applicable.

3.16.02 Finance Expenses

Interest expenses except expenses related to acquisition/construction of assets, incurred during the year are charged to Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income on accrual basis.

Interest income/expenses on amount due to/due from inter companies, if any, has been recognised periodically.

3.17 Borrowing Costs

Interest and other costs incurred by the company in connection with the borrowing of funds are recognised as expense in the year in which they are incurred, unless such borrowing cost relates to acquisition / construction of assets in progress that are capitalized as per BAS 23 "Borrowing Costs". Borrowing cost incurred against loan for BMRE project has been capitalised under effective interest rate method.

3.18 Foreign Currency Transactions

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated to the functional currency (BDT) at exchange rates at the dates of transactions. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at reporting date are re-translated into Bangladesh Taka at the exchange rates ruling at the reporting date. Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies, stated at historical cost, are translated into Bangladesh Taka at the exchange rate ruling at the date of transaction. Foreign exchange differences arising on translation are recognised in profit or loss.

3.19 Earnings Per Share (EPS)

The company calculates its earnings per share in accordance with Bangladesh Accounting Standard BAS-33 "Earnings per Share" which has been reported on the face of Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income.

This represents profit for the year attributable to ordinary shareholders. As there is no preference dividend, noncontrolling interest or extra ordinary items, the net profit after tax for the year has been considered fully attributable to the ordinary shareholders.

3.19.01 Basic Earnings Per Share

This has been calculated by dividing the basic earnings by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year.

3.19.02 Diluted Earnings Per Share:

Diluted earnings per share is required to be calculated for the year when scope for dilution exists.

3.20 Measurement of Fair Values

When measuring the fair value of an asset or liability, the entity uses market observable data as far as possible. Fair values are categorised into different levels in a fair value hierarchy based on the inputs used in the valuation techniques as follows.

- Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets and liabilities.
- Level 2: inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).
- Level 3: Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data.

If the inputs used to measure the fair value of an asset or liability might be categorised in different levels of the fair value hierarchy as the lowest level input that is significant to the entire measurement.

Property, plant and equipment

The fair value of land and land development of property, plant and equipment has been determined based on Net Realisable Value Method/ Market Value Method depending on the nature and corresponding circumstances.

Equity and debt securities

Fair values of tradable equity and debt securities are determined by reference to their quoted closing price in active market at the reporting date which are categorised under 'Level 1' of the fair value hierarchy.

3.21 Events After the Reporting Period

Events after the reporting period that provide additional information about the company's position at the date of Statement of Financial Position or those that indicate the going concern assumption is not appropriate are reflected in the Financial Statements. Events after the reporting period that are not adjusting events are disclosed in the notes when material.

sperty, plant and equipment - at revalued model

	Land and Land	Hotel	bac taclo	Farriage and			-	and in land
	Development	Building	Machineries	and Appliance	Vehicles	Fixtures	Decoration	Total
revalued amount								
lance as on 01 July 2016	1,434,250,406	754,610,639	79,328,707	361,415,581	41,470,969	96,101,322	60.461.516	2 827 639 140
Iditions during the year		206,492	2,702,252	6,730,080	6,995,549	63,530	140,600	16.838.503
sposals/Adjustments during the year			ė	,	(2,711,643)			(2,711,643)
slance as at 30 June 2017	1,434,250,406	754,817,131	82,030,959	368,145,661	45,754,875	96,164,852	60,602,116	2,841,766,000
slance as on 01 July 2017	1,434,250,406	754,817,131	82,030,959	368,145,661	45,754,875	96.164.852	60.602.116	2 841 755 000
dditions during the year		40,835	863,973	930,688	•			1.835,496
isposals/Adjustments during the year			1			,		
alance as at 30 September 2017	1,434,250,406	754,857,966	82,894,932	369,076,349	45,754,875	96,164,852	60,602,116	2,843,601,496
Accumulated depreciation								
Balance as on 01 July 2016	850	136,924,474	38,291,460	184,149,799	16,455,448	26,957,636	31,477,564	434.256.381
Depreciation Rate	٠	2%	2%	2%-10%	10%	2%	5%	•
Charged for the year		12,241,849	2,058,451	11,330,914	2,723,154	3,381,087	1,419,066	33,154,521
Adjustment for disposals during the year		•		*	(765,899)	2! *	, ,	(765,899)
Balance as at 30 June 2017		149,166,323	40,349,911	195,480,713	18,412,703	30,338,723	32,896,630	466,645,003
Balance as on 01 July 2017	Ü	149,166,323	40,349,911	195,480,713	18,412,703	30,338,723	32,896,630	466 645 003
Depreciation Rate	50 *	2%	5%	5%-10%	70%	2%	2%	•
Charged for the year		3,023,303	526,372	2,794,629	677,874	819,403	344,877	8,186,458
Adjustment for disposals during year	,	•						
Balance as at 30 September 2017		152,189,626	40,876,283	198,275,342	19,090,577	31,158,126	33,241,507	474,831,461
Carrying amount								
As at 30 June 2017	1,434,250,406	605,650,808	41,681,048	172,664,948	27,342,172	65,826,129	27.705.486	2 375 120 997
As at 30 September 2017	1,434,250,406	602,668,340	42,018,649	170,801,007	26,664,298	65,006,726	27,360,609	2,368,770,035
		01 July 2017 to	01 July 2016 to					
		30 September	30 September					
Depreciation allocated to:		2017	2016					
	Note(s)	Taka	Taka					
Cost of sales	24.01	6,651,497	7,763,574					
Administrative expenses	25.00	1,534,961	1,109,082					
		8,186,458	8,872,656					

4.01 Property, plant and equipment - at cost model

÷,

								The real Property and Publishers and
	Land and Land Development	Hotel Building	Plant and Machineries	Equipment and Appliance	Motor Vehicles	Furniture and Fixtures	Office	Total
At cost								
Balance as on 01 July 2016	205,836,564	754,610,639	79,328,707	361,415,581	41,470,969	96.101.322	60.461.516	1 599 225 298
Additions during the year		206,492	2,702,252	6,730,080	6,995,549	63,530	140,600	16 838 503
Disposals/Adjustments during the year					(2,711,643)			(2.711.643)
Balance as at 30 June 2017	205,836,564	754,817,131	82,030,959	368,145,661	45,754,875	96,164,852	60,602,116	1,613,352,158
Balance as on 01 July 2017	205,836,564	754,817,131	82,030,959	368,145,661	45,754,875	96.164.852	60.602.116	1.613.352.158
Additions during the year	80	40,835	863,973	930,688			٠	1,835,496
Disposals/Adjustments during the year	***		•	٠			39	
Balance as at 30 September 2017	205,836,564	754,857,966	82,894,932	369,076,349	45,754,875	96,164,852	60,602,116	1,615,187,654
Accumulated depreciation								
Balance as on 01 July 2016	E.	136,924,474	38,291,460	184,149,799	16,455,448	26,957,636	31.477.564	434,256,381
Depreciation Rate	•	%2	2%	2%-10%	10%	2%	2%	
Charged for the year	40	12,241,849	2,058,451	11,330,914	2,723,154	3,381,087	1,419,066	33,154,521
Adjustment for disposals during the year	90	,	3	•	(765,899)		,	(765,899)
Balance as at 30 June 2017		149,166,323	40,349,911	195,480,713	18,412,703	30,338,723	32,896,630	466,645,003
Balance as on 01 July 2017	*	149,166,323	40,349,911	195,480,713	18,412,703	30,338,723	32.896.630	466 645 003
Depreciation Rate	ī	2%	2%	2%-10%	10%	2%	2%	
Charged for the year	. 1	3,023,303	526,372	2,794,629	677,874	819,403	344,877	8.186.458
Adjustment for disposals during year					t			
Balance as at 30 September 2017	•	152,189,626	40,876,283	198,275,342	19,090,577	31,158,126	33,241,507	474,831,461
Carrying amount								
As at 30 June 2017	205,836,564	605,650,808	41,681,048	172,664,948	27,342,172	65,826,129	27,705,486	1,146,707,155
As at 30 September 2017	205,836,564	602,668,340	42.018.649	170.801.007	26 664 298	307 300 53	37 360 600	1 140 250 103

Software Software	Taka 07 39,795 79 1,934,899 1,974,694
Software Software	7 30 June 2017
Software (ERP Tally) 5.01 37,3 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5 1,891,5	79 1,934,899 36 1,974,694 7 30 June 2017
Hotel Management Software 5.01 1,854,	79 1,934,899 36 1,974,694 7 30 June 2017
1,891,501 Intangible assets schedule	7 30 June 2017
Software (ERP Tally)	
Software (ERP Tally)	
Cost Opening balance 100,000 3,471,560 3,571,5 Add: Addition during the year - Closing balance 100,000 3,471,560 3,571,5	Taka
Opening balance 100,000 3,471,560 3,571,5 Add: Addition during the year - - - Closing balance 100,000 3,471,560 3,571,5	
Add: Addition during the year Closing balance 100,000 3,471,560 3,571,5	
Closing balance 100,000 3,471,560 3,571,5	3,571,560
	3,571,560
(12) 11 12 - 10 12 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 - 10 14 -	3,371,360
Accumulated amortisation	
Opening balance 60,205 1,536,661 1,596,8	56 1,264,433
Add: Charged during the year 2,488 80,620 83,1	332,433
Closing balance 62,693 1,617,281 1,679,9	
Carrying amount 37,307 1,854,279 1,891,5	1,974,694
30 September 20	7 30 June 2017
Note(s) Taka	Taka
6.00 Investments Investments innon-tradable shares at cost 6.01 6.125.0	
Investments innon-tradable shares at cost 6.01 6,125,0 6,125,0	
6.01 Investments in non-tradable shares at cost	0,123,000
Quantity	
Lanka Bangla Securities Limited 52,500 3,750,0	0 3,750,000
Energy Prima Limited 25,0002,375,0	
6,125,0	0 6,125,000
30 September 201	7 30 June 2017
Note(s) Taka	Taka
7.00 Inventories	- 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 -
7.01 13,412,8)
Deleting and static at a	
Bayesaga	
54 9.5	
2,218,5: 24,980,60	
7.01 Food	20,000,040
Opening balance 14,583,8	0 13,607,112
Add: Purchased during the year 14,320,9:	1 62,002,049
Available for consumption 28,904,74	75,609,161
Less: Consumed during the year (15,491,8:	2) (61,025,351)
Closing balance 13,412,86	14,583,810
7.02 House keeping materials	
Opening balance 4,555,32	2,543,800
Add: Purchased during the year 1,753,21	1.1
Available for consumption 6,308,53	
Less: Consumed during the year (2,880.35	
Closing balance 3,428,17	
.03 Printing and stationeries	
On assign to be a second	
AJI 8 1 11 1	
Assellable for any service of	
1,555,50	
Closing balance (204,73	
	1,199,780

.

				30 September 2017	30 June 2017
			Note(s)	Taka	Taka
	7.04	Beverage			100000
		Opening balance		4,847,937	5,861,268
		Add: Purchased during the year		0.00	
		Available for consumption		4,847,937	5,861,268
		Less: Consumed during the year		(77,706)	(1,013,331)
		Closing balance		4,770,231	4,847,937
	8.00	Accounts receivable			
		Opening Balance		39,761,375	32,971,929
		Add: Addition during the Year		29,220,889	161,908,059
		Less: Realised during the Vear		(22,813,307)	(155,118,613)
		Closing Balance		46,168,957	39,761,375
	22.22				
	8.01				
		Dues within 6 Months		42,848,135	36,440,553
		Dues over 6 months		3,320,822	3,320,822
				46,168,957	39,761,375
	8.02	Accounts receivable - Classification by security and related par	2		
	0.02	Receivable considered good and secured	ty:		
		하게 일하다 이 이 어떻게 열려고 있었습니다. 이 시간 사람들이 되었다면 하는 것이 되었습니다		100000000000000000000000000000000000000	ARDVING TO O
		Receivable considered good without security		46,168,957	32,971,929
		Receivable considered doubtful or bad		1 1	
		Receivable due by directors or other officers			1.5
		Receivable due from companies under same management		- 1	-
		Maximum receivable due by directors or officers at any time			-
				46,168,957	32,971,929
	9.00	Interest receivable			
		Interest receivable on Fixed Deposits (FDR)		12,490,461	12,464,049
				12,490,461	12,464,049
	10.00	Advances done to a decision of the second of		\\.	
	10.00	Advances, deposits and prepayments Advances	10.01	********	1.22 F 25 2 2 2 4 5 5 5
		Deposits	10.01	189,076,270	178,335,296
		Prepayments	10.02 10.03	54,997,022	14,997,022
		11251	10.03	3,277,500	5,527,375 198,859,693
					200,030,033
-	10.01	Advances			
		Advance income tax		178,209,523	173,979,043
		Advance to suppliers		5,548,550	1,154,168
		The Peninsula Chittagong Airport Garden Hotel	-	4,229,248	2,376,465
		Lankabangla securities Limited		47,267	47,267
		Advance for Supplementary Duty		186,417	197,530
		VAT current account		606,791	29,157
		Advance against salary		248,474	551,666
				189,076,270	178,335,296
	10.02	Deposits			
	-3000	Bangladesh Telecommunications Company Limited		140,000	140.000
		Karnapuli Gas Distribution Company Limited			140,000
		Bangladesh Power Development Board		1,069,148	1,069,148
		House rent deposit		285,000	285,000
		Rainbow CNG service station		89,000	89,000
		Chittagong Port Authority		25,000	25,000
		Tender earnest money to Khulna Development Authority		5,000,000	5,000,000
		Sha Amanat International Airport		48,266,520	8,266,520
		Chittagong WASA		42,354	42,354
		Sumagang MAJA		80,000	80,000
				54,997,022	14,997,022

					30 September 2017	30 June 2017		
				Note(s)	Taka	Taka		
10.03	Prepayments			S-4111100-1000				
	Prepaid insurance				¥2	611,12		
	Prepaid Expense				3,277,500	4,916,25		
					3,277,500	5,527,37		
	The directors consider that a	II the above adva	nces and depos	its are either adjus	stable or recoverable in cas	h or in kind and fo		
	that no provision against the	m are required at	this stage.					
	#**							
1.00	Short term investments							
	Investment in Fixed Deposit I	Receipts (FDR)		11.01	1,456,715	1,456,71		
	Investment in tradable securi	ties at fair value	22	11.02	12,578,185	11,633,410		
					14,034,900	13,090,125		
1.01	Investment in Fixed Deposit	Receipts (FDR)			30 September 2017	30 June 2017		
	Name of banks	Purpose	Tenure	Rate of interest	Taka	Taka		
	AB Bank Limited	investment	12 Months	7.25%	1,456,715	1,456,715		
					1,456,715	1,456,715		
1 07	Investment in tradable secur							
1.02	Opening balance	ities at fair value	11 622 410	0.000 504				
	Add/(less): Changes in fair val	lue oftradable sec	11,633,410 944,775	9,802,530				
	Closing balance	oc ornadable sec		1,830,880				
	12,370,103							
	Fair value of tradable securities		30 September 201		2017	30 June 2017		
	Particulars		Quantity	Fair value	Increase/ (Decrease) in Fair value	Fair value		
	ACI Limited		16,500	9,627,750	1,105,500	8,522,250		
	Beximco pharma Limited		15,750	1,691,550	(88,200)	1,779,750		
	First Security Bank Limited		4,500	80,325	17,955	62,370		
	Unique Hotel & Resort Limite	d	23,200	1,178,560	(90,480)	1,269,040		
				12,578,185	944,775	11,633,410		

Management has changed its objectives for investments in tradable securities. As part of its revised objectives, some of these securities have already been sold out. Hence investments in tradable securities has been reclassified as held for trading and changes in fair value of these tradable securities has been charge to the statement of Profit or Loss and other comprehensive income.

				30 September 2017	30 June 2017
			Note(s)	Taka	Taka
12.00	Cash and cash equivalents				
	Cash in hand			750,384	955,738
	Cash at banks		12.01	33,449,708	21,079,368
	Fixed Deposit Receipts		12.02	1,150,000,000	1,150,000,000
				1,184,200,092	1,172,035,106
12.01	Cash at banks				
	Name of the Banks	Branches	Account Type		
	AB Bank Limited - 4110-753162-000	CDA Avenue	CD	1,043,220	1,043,220
	AB Bank Limited - 4110-761221-430	CDA Avenue	SND	105,250	11,240
	AB Bank Limited - 4110-776797-000	CDA Avenue	CD	775	775
	AB Bank Limited - 4110-776797-430	CDA Avenue	SND	558,111	1,202,908
	AB Bank Limited-4110-753033-000	CDA Avenue	CD	28,562	28,562
	Bank Al-falah Limited - 03700249	Agrabad	MPA	3,213,624	3,191,958
	Brac Bank Limited - 00014141	Kazir Dhewri	Credit Card	469,423	357,735
	Brac Bank Limited - 02019912560-01	Kazir Dhewri	CD	400,970	631,630

			30 September 2017	30 June 2017
Name of the Banks	Branches	Account Type	Taka	Taka
Eastern Bank Limited - 0013050813341	Agrabad	FCY	230,946	230,946
Eastern Bank Limited - 0013060813352	Agrabad	FCY	29,267	29,267
Eastern Bank Limited - 0013070813363	Agrabad	FCY	5,219	5,219
Eastern Bank Limited - 001136081331	Agrabad	HPA	20,332,419	12,158,144
Eastern Bank Limited - 0051350196584	O.R Nizam Road	STD	4,059,893	434,412
Mutual Trust Bank Limited - 00090320001771	CDA Avenue	SND	2,027,143	2,045,130
Prime Bank Limited - 13411030000449	O.R Nizam Road	CD	619,621	619,621
Standard Chartered Bank Limited - 01-273606:	3 Nasirabad	CD	1,911	1,911
Standard Bank Limited - 33000324	CDA Avenue	CD	139,475	139,475
The City Bank Limited - 1101238038001	O.R Nizam Road	CD	758,390	2,056,312
The City Bank Limited - 444105160200417	O.R Nizam Road	Credit Card	765,808	495,623
The Premier Bank Limited - 01231110008242	O.R Nizam Road	CD	(2,382,888)	(4,667,103)
United Commercial Bank Limited - 002313200	D Jubilee Road	SND	2,581	2,581
United Commercial Bank Limited - 065130100	C Kamal Bazar	SND	1,039,988	1,059,802
			33,449,708	21,079,368

12.02	Investment in Fixed Deposits	Receipts (FDR)			30 September 2017	30 June 2017
	Name of banks	Purpose	Tenure	Rate of interest	Taka	Taka
	The Premier Bank Limited	Investment	3 months	7.50%	1,150,000,000	1,150,000,000
					1,150,000,000	1,150,000,000
13.00	Share capital					
	Authorised capital:					
	300,000,000 Ordinary Shares	of Tk. 10 each			3,000,000,000	3,000,000,000
					3,000,000,000	3,000,000,000
	Issued, Subscribed and Paid-					
	250,000 Ordinary Shar	2,500,000	2,500,000			
	9,000,000 Ordinary Shar	90,000,000	90,000,000			
	23,125,000 Ordinary Shar	231,250,000	231,250,000			
	12,950,000 Ordinary Shar	129,500,000	129,500,000			
	12,691,000 Ordinary Shar	126,910,000	126,910,000			
	55,000,000 Ordinary Shar					
	Initial Public C	550,000,000	550,000,000			
	5,650,800 Ordinary Shar	56,508,000	56,508,000			
	118,666,800 Ordinary Shar	res of Tk 10 each			1,186,668,000	1,186,668,000
13.01	Classification of shares by hol	ding				
	Class by number of shares			No. of Holders	No. of Shares	Holding (%)
	Less than 500			20,483	4,084,923	3.44%
	From 500 to 5,000			3,574	6,800,997	5.73%
	From 5,001 to 10,000			651	4,920,921	4.15%
	From 10,001 to 20,000			375	5,386,987	4.54%
	From 20,001 to 30,000			126	3,178,088	2.68%
	From 30,001 to 40,000			58	2,010,142	1.69%
	From 40,001 to 50,000			32	1,513,039	1.28%
	From 50,001 to 100,000			0.5		

81

51

15

25,446

5.01%

12.20%

59.28%

100.00%

5,942,707

14,485,034

70,343,962

118,666,800

From 50,001 to 100,000

From 1,000,001 to above

From 100,001 to 1,000,000

Name of shareholders holding shares Percentage of holding shares Engineer Mosharraf Hossain 6.41% 7,610,016 6.41% Mrs. Ayesha Sultana 4.36% 5,173,344 4.36% Mr. Mustafa Tahseen Arshad 12.32% 14,620,032 12.32% 1 Mrs. Bilkis Arshad 7.70% 9,137,520 7.70% 7.70% 7.70% 7.70% 1 Mr. Mustafa Tahir Arshad 4.62% 5,482,512 4.62% 4.62% 4.62% 5,482,512 4.62% 4.62% 5,482,512 4.62% 4.62% Mr. Mathemate 2.57% 3,045,840 2.57% 4.62% 4.62% 4.62% 4.62% 4.62% 4.62% 4.62% 4.62% 4.62% 4.62% 4.62% 4.62% 4.62% 4.62% 4.62% 4.62% 4.62% 4.62% 4.62% 4.62% 4.62% 4.62% 4.62% 4.62% 4.62% 4.62% 4.62% 4.62% 4.62% 4.62% 4.62% 4.62% 4.62% 4.62% 4.62% <td< th=""><th>mber of hares 7,610,016 5,173,344 14,620,032</th></td<>	mber of hares 7,610,016 5,173,344 14,620,032
Engineer Mosharraf Hossain 6.41% 7,610,016 6.41% Mrs. Ayesha Sultana 4.36% 5,173,344 4.36% Mr. Mustafa Tahseen Arshad 12.32% 14,620,032 12.32% 1 Mrs. Bilkis Arshad 7.70% 9,137,520 7.70% 7.70% Mr. Mustafa Tahir Arshad 4.62% 5,482,512 4.62% 4.62% Mr. Mahboob Ur Rāhman 2.57% 3,045,840 2.57% 2.57% 3,045,840 2.57% 4.62% 4.62% 4.62% 4.62% 4.62% 4.62% 4.62% 4.62% 4.62% 4.62% 4.62% 4.62% 4.62% 4.62% 4.62% 4.62% 4.62% 4.62% 4.62% 4.62% 4.62% 4.62% 4.62% 4.62% 4.62% 4.62% 4.62% 4.62% 4.62% 4.62% 4.62% 4.62% 4.62% 4.62% 4.62% 4.62% 4.62% 4.62% 4.62% 4.62% 4.62% 4.62% 4.62% 4.62% 4.62% 4.62% 4.62% 4.62% 4.62% 4.62% 4.62% 4.62% 4.62% 4.62% 4.62% 4.62	7,610,016 5,173,344
Mrs. Ayesha Sultana 4.36% 5,173,344 4.36% Mr. Mustafa Tahseen Arshad 12.32% 14,620,032 12.32% 1 Mrs. Bilkis Arshad 7.70% 9,137,520 7.70% 1 Mr. Mustafa Tahir Arshad 4.62% 5,482,512 4.62% 4.62% 4.62% 4.62% 4.62% 4.62% 4.62% 4.62% 4.62% 4.62% 4.62% 4.62% 4.62% 4.62% 4.62% 4.62% 4.62% 4.62% 4.62% 4.62% 4.62% 4.62% 4.62% 4.62% 4.62% 4.62% 4.62% 4.62% 4.62% 4.62% 4.62% 4.62% 4.62% 4.62% 4.62% 4.62% 4.62% 4.62% 4.62% 4.62% 4.62% 4.62% 4.62% 4.62% 4.62% 4.62% 4.62% 4.62% 4.62% 4.62% 4.62% 4.62% 4.62% 4.62% 4.62% 4.62% 4.62% 4.62% 4.62% 4.62% 4.62% 4.62% 4.62% 4.62% 4.62% 4.62% 4.62% 4.62% 4.62% 4.62% 4.62% 4.62% 4.62%	5,173,344
Mr. Mustafa Tahseen Arshad 12,32% 14,620,032 12,32% 1 Mrs. Bilkis Arshad 7,70% 9,137,520 7,70% Mr. Mustafa Tahir Arshad 4,62% 5,482,512 4,62% Mr. Mahboob Ur Rāhman 2,57% 3,045,840 2,57% Mrs. Mirka Rahman 2,57% 3,045,840 2,57% Mr. Aminur Rahman 2,57% 3,045,840 2,57% Mr. Sabedur Rahman 2,57% 3,045,840 2,57% Mr. Afzal Bin Tarique 2,05% 2,436,672 2,05% Mrs. Shaheda Sultana 1,02% 1,218,336 1,02% Mr. Hamidur Rahman 0,77% 913,752 0,77% Mrs. Daliya Sultana Jui 0,77% 913,752 0,77% Mrs. Shahina Sultana 0,77% <	
Mrs. Bilkis Arshad 7.70% 9,137,520 7.70% Mr. Mustafa Tahir Arshad 4.62% 5,482,512 4.62% Mr. Mahboob Ur Rāhman 2.57% 3,045,840 2.57% Mrs. Mirka Rahman 2.57% 3,045,840 2.57% Mr. Aminur Rahman 2.57% 3,045,840 2.57% Mr. Sabedur Rahman 2.57% 3,045,840 2.57% Mr. Afzal Bin Tarique 2.05% 2,436,672 2.05% Mrs. Shaheda Sultana 1.02% 1,218,336 1.02% Mr. Hamidur Rahman 0.77% 913,752 0.77% Mrs. Daliya Sultana Jui 0.77% 913,752 0.77% Mrs. Azra Sultana Keya 0.77% 913,752 0.77% Mrs. Shahina Sultana 0.77% 913,752 0.77% Institute, NRB, General Public 48.16% 57,150,000 48.16% 5	
Mr. Mustafa Tahir Arshad 4.62% 5,482,512 4.62% Mr. Mahboob Ur Rāhman 2.57% 3,045,840 2.57% Mrs. Mirka Rahman 2.57% 3,045,840 2.57% Mr. Aminur Rahman 2.57% 3,045,840 2.57% Mr. Sabedur Rahman 2.57% 3,045,840 2.57% Mr. Afzal Bin Tarique 2,05% 2,436,672 2.05% Mrs. Shaheda Sultana 1.02% 1,218,336 1.02% Mr. Hamidur Rahman 0.77% 913,752 0.77% Mrs. Daliya Sultana Jui 0.77% 913,752 0.77% Mrs. Azra Sultana Keya 0.77% 913,752 0.77% Mrs. Shahina Sultana 0.77% 913,752 0.77% Institute, NRB, General Public 48.16% 57,150,000 48.16% 5	9,137,520
Mr. Mahboob Ur Rāhman 2.57% 3,045,840 2.57% Mrs. Mirka Rahman 2.57% 3,045,840 2.57% Mr. Aminur Rahman 2.57% 3,045,840 2.57% Mr. Sabedur Rahman 2.57% 3,045,840 2.57% Mr. Afzal Bin Tarique 2,05% 2,436,672 2.05% Mrs. Shaheda Sultana 1.02% 1,218,336 1.02% Mr. Hamidur Rahman 0,77% 913,752 0,77% Mrs. Daliya Sultana Jui 0,77% 913,752 0,77% Mrs. Azra Sultana Keya 0,77% 913,752 0,77% Mrs. Shahina Sultana 0,77% 913,752 0,77% Institute, NRB, General Public 48,16% 57,150,000 48,16% 5	5,482,512
Mrs. Mirka Rahman 2.57% 3,045,840 2.57% Mr. Aminur Rahman 2.57% 3,045,840 2.57% Mr. Sabedur Rahman 2.57% 3,045,840 2.57% Mr. Afzal Bin Tarique 2.05% 2,436,672 2.05% Mrs. Shaheda Sultana 1.02% 1,218,336 1.02% Mr. Hamidur Rahman 0.77% 913,752 0.77% Mrs. Daliya Sultana Jui 0.77% 913,752 0.77% Mrs. Azra Sultana Keya 0.77% 913,752 0.77% Mrs. Shahina Sultana 0.77% 913,752 0.77% Institute, NRB, General Public 48.16% 57,150,000 48.16% 5	3,045,840
Mr. Aminur Rahman 2.57% 3,045,840 2.57% Mr. Sabedur Rahman 2.57% 3,045,840 2.57% Mr. Afzal Bin Tarique 2.05% 2,436,672 2.05% Mrs. Shaheda Sultana 1.02% 1,218,336 1.02% Mr. Hamidur Rahman 0.77% 913,752 0.77% Mrs. Daliya Sultana Jui 0.77% 913,752 0.77% Mrs. Azra Sultana Keya 0.77% 913,752 0.77% Mrs. Shahina Sultana 0.77% 913,752 0.77% institute, NRB, General Public 48.16% 57,150,000 48.16% 5	3,045,840
Mr. Afzal Bin Tarique 2.05% 2,436,672 2.05% Mrs. Shaheda Sultana 1.02% 1,218,336 1.02% Mr. Hamidur Rahman 0.77% 913,752 0.77% Mrs. Daliya Sultana Jui 0.77% 913,752 0.77% Mrs. Azra Sultana Keya 0.77% 913,752 0.77% Mrs. Shahina Sultana 0.77% 913,752 0.77% Institute, NRB, General Public 48.16% 57,150,000 48.16% 5	3,045,840
Mrs. Shaheda Sultana 1.02% 1,218,336 1.02% Mr. Hamidur Rahman 0.77% 913,752 0.77% Mrs. Daliya Sultana Jui 0.77% 913,752 0.77% Mrs. Azra Sultana Keya 0.77% 913,752 0.77% Mrs. Shahina Sultana 0.77% 913,752 0.77% Institute, NRB, General Public 48.16% 57,150,000 48.16% 5	3,045,840
Mr. Hamidur Rahman 0.77% 913,752 0.77% Mrs. Daliya Sultana Jui 0.77% 913,752 0.77% Mrs. Azra Sultana Keya 0.77% 913,752 0.77% Mrs. Shahina Sultana 0.77% 913,752 0.77% Institute, NRB, General Public 48.16% 57,150,000 48.16% 5	2,436,672
Mrs. Daliya Sultana Jui 0.77% 913,752 0.77% Mrs. Azra Sultana Keya 0.77% 913,752 0.77% Mrs. Shahina Sultana 0.77% 913,752 0.77% Institute, NRB, General Public 48.16% 57,150,000 48.16% 5	1,218,336
Mrs. Azra Sultana Keya 0.77% 913,752 0.77% Mrs. Shahina Sultana 0.77% 913,752 0.77% Institute, NRB, General Public 48.16% 57,150,000 48.16% 5	913,752
Mrs. Shahina Sultana 0.77% 913,752 0.77% Institute, NRB, General Public 48.16% 57,150,000 48.16% 5	913,752
Institute, NRB, General Public 48.16% 57,150,000 48.16% 5	913,752
	913,752
	57,150,000
	18,666,800
30 September 2017 30 Jun	ine 2017
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	ľaka
14.00 Retained earnings	
9 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19	31,185,866
	52,325,637
Less: Dividend paid	18,666,800)
193,494,345	74,844,703
15.00 Revaluation surplus 1.228.413.842 1.22	8.413.842

15.01 Revaluation of company's assets were carried out by, an independent valuer, Syful Shamsul Alam & Co., Chartered Accountants, following Estimated Net Realisable Value Method of Valuation based on the nature of the assets as on 30 April 2011 and submitted their report on 23 June 2011. Revaluation surplus has been credited to Revaluation Surplus Account and treated as per BAS and BFRS and other applicable laws, regulations and guidelines.

The board of directors agreed to discard the revaluation surplus of all assets except Land & Land Development in a board meeting held on 05 August 2012 and instructed the management to consider the proper accounting policies for it.

			30 September 2017	30 June 2017
		Note(s)	Taka	Taka
16.00	Lease finance			
	Opening balance		583,586	1,145,482
	Add: Interest and other charges during the year	27.00	21,200	141,804
	Less: Paid during the year		(175,500)	(703,700)
	Closing balance		429,286	583,586
16.01	Lease finance - Maturity analysis			
	Due within one year		429,286	583,586
	Due after one year		575 5	
			429,286	583,586

			30 September 2017	30 June 2017		
			Taka	Taka		
16.02	Details of lease finance			5		
	The Premier Bank Limited		429,286	583,586		
			429,286	583,586		
	The Premier Bank Limited, (D. R. Nízam Road Branch				
	Total sanctioned amount	: Tk. 21 Lac				
	Purpose *	: Lease for Motor Vehicle				
	Interest rate	: 15% (Revised from time to time)				
	Payment method	: The loan is repayable in 48 (Forty Eight) equal monthly installments.				
	Tenure	: Four years				
Securities : i) 48 MICR cheques covering the total payment through monthly ren ii) Personal guarantee from the Director			ol payment.			

17.00 Deferred tax liabilities

Deferred tax liability has been calculated below at the applicable tax rate on the difference between the carrying value of property, plant and equipment as per financial statements and tax written down value and financial position method for

	property, plant and equipment	as per financial s	tatements and	tax written o	down value and financi	al position method for
	investment in tradable securitie	S.				
					30 September 2017	30 June 2017
				8	Taka	Taka
	Opening balance				49,495,635	35,269,336
	Add: Provision made during the	vear			2,583,141	
	Closing balance	year			52,078,776	14,226,299 49,495,635
17.01	Reconciliation of deferred tax l	iabilities/ (assets)	É	V		
		Carrying amount	Tax base	Tax rate	Taxable/ (Deductible) temporary difference	Deferred tax liabilities/ (assets)
		Taka	Taka	Percentage	Taka	Taka
	Property, plant and equipment (except land) investment in tradable securities Total deferred tax liabilities	934,519,629 12,578,185	727,184,403 10,128,492	25% 10%	207,335,226 2,449,693	51,833,807 244,969 52,078,776
	*				30 September 2017	30 June 2017
3				Note(s)	Taka	Taka
18.00	Accounts payable				The second	
	Opening balance				34,280,963	38,689,723
	Add: Addition during the year				44,416,868	221,079,394
	Less: Paid during the year				(47,860,412)	(225,488,154)
	Closing balance				30,837,419	34,280,963
19.00	Short term borrowings					
	Loans against CC (Hypo) and Ove	erdraft		19.01	55,349,242	17,575,284
	(a.1) - a.			-	55,349,242	17,575,284
19.01	Borrowings against CC (Hypo) ar	nd Overdraft				
	Name of the Banks	Branch	Types			
	TELECOPIE ALL PROPERTY OF	Agrabad	OD		1,018,016	819,038
	IFIC Bank Limited				10,000,000,000,000,000,000	015,030
		O.R Nizam Road	OD		54,331,226 55,349,242	16,756,246 17,575,284

							30 September 2017	30 June 2017
	93000	55 855 8 5 8				Note(s)	Taka	Taka
	20.00	Provision for						
		Opening bala					93,348,411	83,048,540
		Add: Provisio	n made during the	year			2,998,978	10,299,871
		Lorer Daid/od	والمعارض والمعارض المعارض المعارض والمعارض والم				96,347,389	93,348,411
		Closing balar	ljusted during the y	ear			05 347 300	
		Closing Dalar	ice				96,347,389	93,348,411
	21.00	Unclaimed d	ividend					
		Opening bala	ince				5,627,026	4,754,647
			n made during the	year				118,666,800
		Less: Paid du	ring the Period		22		(37,630)	(117,794,421)
							5,589,396	5,627,026
			Balance as on					
		Year	01 July 2016	Provision	Payment			
		2013-2014	2,816,930	-	170		2,817,100	2,816,930
		2014-2015	1,883,911	*:	(17,986)		1,865,925	1,883,911
		2015-201692	6,185		(19,814)		906,371	926,185
			5,627,026	-	(37,630)		5,589,396	5,627,026
	22.00	Provision for	WPPF and Welfare	road.				
	22.00	Opening Bala		runa			4,571,148	8,090,308
		Add: Provision	n made for the year				1,275,356	4,571,148
							5,846,504	12,661,456
		Less: Paid dur	ing the year				120120000000	(8,090,308)
		Closing Balan	ce				5,846,504	4,571,148
							01 July 2017 to	01 July 2016 to
							30 September 2017	30 September 2016
	77.00					Note(s)	Taka	Taka
	23.00	Revenue Rooms						
		Food & Bevera					27,231,288	40,401,842
			ages ing Department				31,449,813	36,138,423
27		Space Rent	ing Department				4,156,748	9,105,691
		Space nem					750,721	3,943,809
		10					63,588,570	89,589,765
	24.00	Cost of sales	*				N ST	
		Cost of sales				24.01	43,728,699	29,914,889
						1	43,728,699	29,914,889
	24.01	Cost of sales	8					
		Cost of materi	als				15 401 072	7.001.000
			ry guest service				15,491,872	4,001,078
		Depreciation	, Burne service			4.00	244,311	132,495
		Function and a	menities			4.00	6,651,497	7,763,574
		House keeping	A0000000000000000000000000000000000000				481,835	11.241 2422.02.02.02.02.0
			cking materials				2,880,359	1,749,815
		Purchased serv					303,907	220,895
		Repair and ma					120,403	72,000
							502,083	866,650
		Salaty Window	honus and banafis-					
			bonus and benefits				12,411,845	10,481,396
		Staff uniform					14,000	
						ñ.		10,481,396 - - 4,626,986 29,914,889

			01 July 2017 to 30 September 2017	01 July 2016 to 30 September 2016
		Note(s)	Taka	Taka
25.00	Administrative expenses	10 to 10	\$	47.
	Salaries and allowances		4,590,682	4,018,379
	Director remuneration		1,697,500	1,680,000
	Association and membership fees		4,400	74,150
	Audit fee		86,250	86,250
	Lease rental of The Peninsula Chittagong - Airport G	arden Hotel	1,638,750	*
	Conveyance expenses		27,017	16.455
	Depreciation	4.00	1,534,961	1,109,082
	Amortisation	5.01	83,108	
	Dhaka office expenses		386,680	360,710
	Entertainment expense		181,910	160,924
	Fees and renewals		153,090	70,310
	Gift and donation		52,710	16,000
	Insurance expenses		639,804	117,996
	Legal fees and other professional charges		173,750	106,250
	Medical expenses		5,813	4,117
	Office expenses		744,462	340,307
	Printing and stationery		204,736	175,977
	Regulatory fees		106,000	1,172,177,131
	Rent, rate and taxes		1,073,979	56,272
	Repair and maintenance		38,462	216,663
	Staff uniform		164,230	58,174
	Telephone and communication		156,075	117,240
	Tours and travel expenses		141,264	127,324
	Utility and fuel expenses		1,156,647	1,156,746
			15,042,280	10,069,326
26.00	Selling and distribution expense			
	Advertisement		257,458	95,952
			257,458	95,952
27.00	Finance costs			
	interest on overdraft		1,204,233	5,037,538
	interest and other charges on finance lease	16.00	21,200	42,917
	Foreign currency exchange (gain)/loss	27.01		1-,-1-
	Bank charges		519,387	361,077
	- announce serve en		1,744,820	5,441,532
	100		Taka	Taka
27.01	Foreign currency exchange (gain)/ loss		jako	Idea
	Unrealized foreign currency translation (gain)/ loss			
27.02	Foreign currency translation (eain)/loss			

27.02 Foreign currency translation (gain)/loss

This represents net (gain)/loss on translation of foreign currencies denominated assets/ liabilities into Bangladeshi Taka at the rate prevailing on reporting date.

***		01 July 2017 to 30 September 2017	01 July 2016 to 30 September 2016
28.00	Finance income		
	Interest on fixed deposit receipts	21,588,912	25,302,215
	Interest on bank deposits	24,524	23,891
		21,613,436	25,326,106
29.00	Non-operating income / (loss)		
	Dividend income	99,620	
	Sale of wastage	33,973	14,044,115
	Loss on sale of tradable securities .		*
	Loss on sale of non-current assets		(217,813)
	Changes in fair value of tradable securities	944,775	(171,235)
		1,078,368	13,655,067
30.00	Earnings per share		
30.01	Basic earnings per share (EPS)		
	Profit attributable to the ordinary shareholders	18,649,642	59,123,352
	Weighted Average number of shares outstanding during the year	118,666,800	118,666,800
	Basic earnings per share (EPS)	0.16	0.50
30.02	Diluted earnings per share (DEPS)		

No diluted EPS was required to be calculated for the year since there was no scope for dilution of share during the year under review.

		30 September 2017	30 June 2017
		Taka	Taka
31.00	Net Asset Value Per Share (NAV)		
	Total Assets	3,906,012,483	3,846,366,882
	Less: Liabilities	(246,478,012)	(205,482,053)
	Net Asset Value (NAV)	3,659,534,471	3,640,884,829
	Number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year	118,666,800	118,666,800
	Net Asset Value (NAV) per share	30.84	30.68
		01 July 2017 to 30 September 2017	01 July 2016 to 30 September 2016
		Taka	Taka
32.00	Net operating cash flow per share		- Tonu
	Net operating cash flows (from statement of cash flows)	(23,661,242)	26,750,327
-	Number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year	118,666,800	118,666,800
	Net operating cash flow per share	(0.20)	0.23
	8	30 September 2017	30 June 2017
33.00	Employees	-	-
	Number of employees whose monthly salary was below Tk. 3,000	251	244
	Number of employees whose monthly salary was above Tk. 3,000	251	244

During June 2017, total 205 number of employees were in the permanent payroli of the company.

These financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 08 November 2017 and were signed on its behalf by :

Director

Director